



Marathwada Sahitya Prasang Mandali  
**Shivchhatrapati College**  
Chhatrapati Sambhaji nagar, Maharashtra  
and

M.T. & C.P. Sarkar's

Dr. (saw) J.B.P. Mahabai Mahaveertriyabey  
Chhatrapati Sambhaji nagar, Maharashtra.  
Jointly Organize

## One Day National e-Conference on **Women Empowerment**

Proceeding Date: on 9<sup>th</sup> March 2024

● **Editor** ●

Dr. R.P. Pawar,  
Mrs. M.M. Rautmare,  
Mrs. V.M. Kale



Marathwada Sahitya Prasang Mandali  
**Shivchhatrapati College**  
Chhatrapati Sambhaji nagar, Maharashtra  
and

M.T. & C.P. Sarkar's

Dr. (saw) J.B.P. Mahabai Mahaveertriyabey  
Chhatrapati Sambhaji nagar, Maharashtra.  
Jointly Organize

## One Day National e-Conference on **Women Empowerment**

Proceeding Date: on 9<sup>th</sup> March 2024

● **Editor** ●

Dr.R.P. Pawar,  
Mrs. M.M. Rautmare,  
Mrs. V.M. Kale

1.	<b>Home Science an Education For Better Living,</b> <i>Dipali S. Sangekar<sup>1</sup> Dr. T. Naheed Khan<sup>2</sup> and Mr. Eknath A. Langote<sup>3</sup></i>	17
2.	<b>भारतीय संगीतातील काही उल्लेखनीय महिलांचे सांगीतिक योगदान,</b> <i>डॉ. दिलीप दोडके</i>	30
3.	<b>महिला सक्षमीकरणात गृहविज्ञान विषयाची भूमिका,</b> <i>डॉ.जे.व्ही.निकाळजे (म्हस्के)</i>	३६
4.	<b>सामाजिक विकास आणि महिला,</b> <i>प्रा. डॉ. स्मिता गजभिये</i>	४३
5.	<b>A Study of Value Added Sorghum Products For Health Empowerment of Women</b> <sup>1</sup> <i>Vijay Chahal,</i> <sup>2</sup> <i>Dr Prof. Anvita Agarwal</i>	५२
6.	<b>The impact of clothing on women,</b> <sup>1</sup> <i>Shweta Suneet Kalyanikar,</i> <sup>2</sup> <i>Dr. Anvita Agrawal</i>	५९
7.	<b>Educational Empowerment of Women,</b> <i>Dr.Ayodhya Pawal</i>	६५
8.	<b>सिंधुताई सपकाळ यांचे जीवन चरित्र,</b> <i>डॉ.शाहू बापुराव चव्हाण</i>	६९
9.	<b>स्त्रियांच्या मानसिक आरोग्याचे महिला सक्षमीकरणातील महत्त्व,</b> <i>डॉ. सौ. शीला जिरे,</i>	७४
10.	<b>शिक्षणातून महिला सबलीकरण एक अभ्यास,</b> <sup>1</sup> <i>डॉ.अरुणा वाळके,</i> <sup>2</sup> <i>प्रा.मनिषा राऊतमारे</i>	७९

# EDUCATIONAL EMPOWERMENT OF WOMEN

**Dr.Ayodhya Pawal**

Department of Home Science

Arts, Science & Commerce College, Shivajinagar Gadhi

Email Id: ayodhyapawal@gmail.com, Mob.No: 7588178059

---

## **Introduction:**

The Empowerment means a psychological sense of personal control on influence & concern with actual social influence, political power & legal rights. Increased knowledge, self -confidence & awareness of gender equity are indicators of the empowerment process. These components get develop through education. Educated woman aware about their rights & when women aware about their rights then she will not face discrimination.

Education is considered the most important tool for empowering women in society. It is only limited to developing the personality of an individual but also plays an important role in economic, social & cultural development. Education is a means of empowerment of women can bring about a positive attitudinal change. It is therefore crucial for the socio-economic & political progress of India.

## **Objectives:**

1. To study the educational empowerment of women.
2. To study the importance of education for empowerment of women.
3. To study the role of education for empowerment of women.

**Methodology:**Secondary data is used for collection of data. The necessary information collected from books, journals, newspapers & Internet etc.

sense of self-worth, their ability to determine their own choices & their rights to influence social change for themselves & others. Women Empowerment is a global issue & discussion on women political rights are at the fore front of many formal & informal campaigns worldwide. The concept of women empowerment was introduced at the international women conference at NAROIBI in 1985. Education is milestone of women empowerment because it enables them to responds to the challenges to confront their traditional role & change their life.

### **Importance of Education:**

Women education in India plays a very important role in the overall development of the country. Women are educated they can be successful as a main in any field in their life because they are born to achieve somethings in their life. So if they are educated it will help them for their good career. Women will be able to get proper education, skills development, financial independence etc.If not only helps in the development of half of the human resources but in improving the quality of life at home & outside.

### **Barriers of Education:**

Women in India face significant barriers when it comes to accessing education & employment. Data from the World Bank shows that only around 50% of women in India participate in the labor force, compared to around 80% of men. This is due in part to cultural & social barriers that prevent women from participating in the workplace as well as lack of access to education & training. Women in India often face discrimination in many areas of life including in the home & in the workplace. This can make it difficult for them to access education & employment opportunities & can lead to unequal treatment & lower pay.

Due to lack of education gender based violence as a major problem in India. The National Crime Records Bureau

**Table 1.1: Population in 1901, 1911 and 1921**

Year	Persons
1901	5.3
1911	5.9
1921	7.2



a reduction in inequalities & functions as a means of improving their status within the family. Government also provides facilities for to empowerment of women. To encourage the education of women at all levels & for dilution of gender bias in providing knowledge, education for empowerment of women.

### **References:**

1. <https://naarisamata.org/women-empowerment>
2. <https://shantisahyog.org/women-empowerment>
3. <https://www.skillrary.com/blogs/read/role-of-education-in-women-empowerment>
4. <https://www.niti.gov.in/empowerment-women-through-education-skilling-microfinance>
5. <https://yourdream.liveyourdream.org/2021/08/womens->